ALLIANCE FOR WATER EFFICIENCY



WATER EFFICIENCY & CONSERVATION SYMPOSIUM 2025

AUGUST 6-8, 2025 | CHICAGO, IL

The Disillusion of Progress: **Case Study in Reducing** Water Loss and Demand

Room 300 2:15 PM – 3:10 PM



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Introducing the Carbon Balance to the AWWA Free Water Audit Software

Drew Blackwell

Director of Water Efficiency, Cavanaugh & Associates (NC)





AWWA M36 Approach

- Every water system experiences water loss.
- Establishing a baseline of validated water audit data is the anchor of a successful water loss strategy.
- ♦ The IWA/AWWA methodology provides a path to building and progressing yourwater loss program.

BASELINE

Annual Water Balance

- Annual AWWA water audit
- Apparent & Real Loss volumes
- Level 1 validation



TECHNICAL ANALYSIS

Loss Profiling & Uncertainty

- Advanced Validation
- Apparent Loss Profile
- Real Loss Profile



ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

Cost-Benefit & Targets

- Costs of losses
- Costs of intervention strategies
- Program design



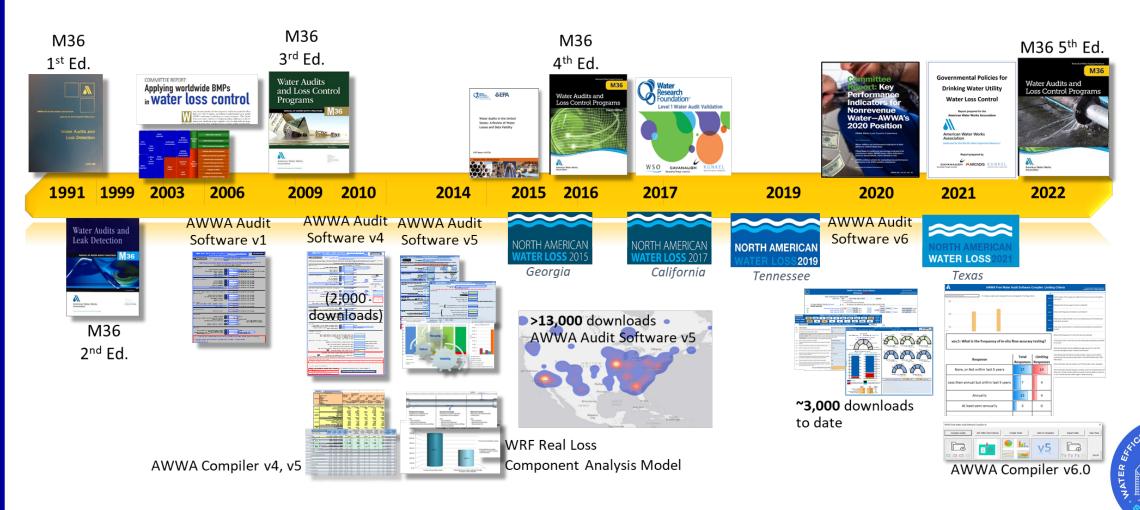
COST-EFFECTIVE

Intervention

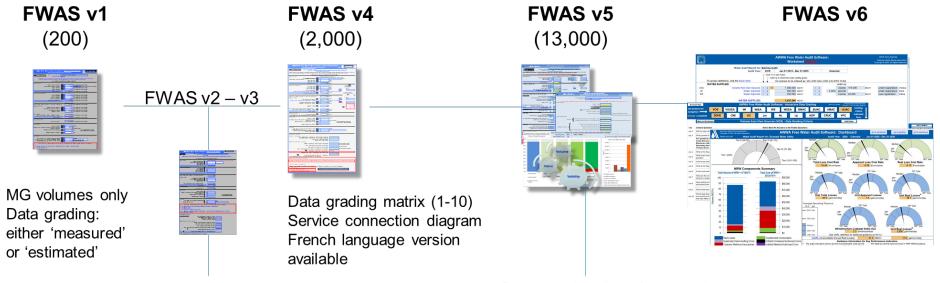
- Leakage Management
- Revenue Protection



Evolution of Industry Standards



Focus on the AWWA Free Water Audit Software



Megaliters added
Two financial performance indicators
added (cost of real and apparent losses)
Acre-ft added
Example audits included
Two default values
Data checks / instant feedback added

Separate data input/output tabs Dashboard Volume weighted data grading Comments page Meter error adjustment for all water supplied components

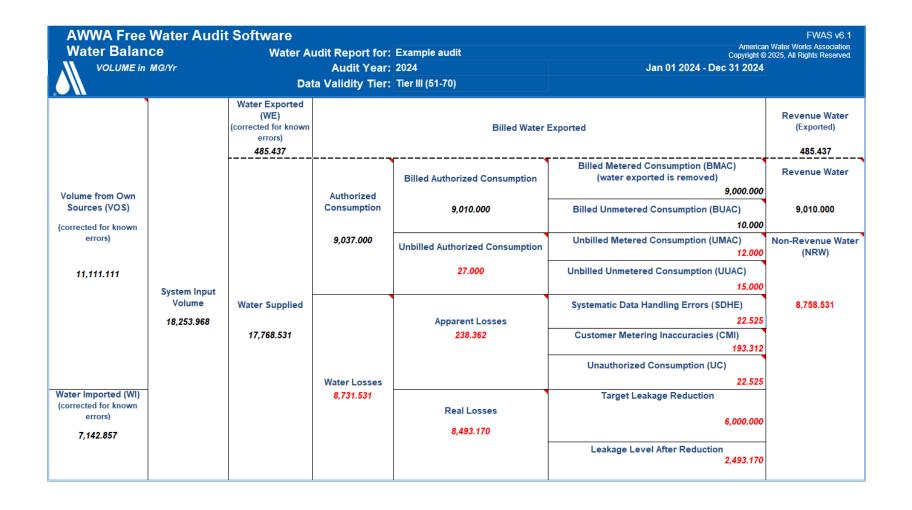
AWWA Compiler developed for large audit sets







IWA/AWWA Water Balance





Leakage Management Strategies:

Four Pillars of Leakage Management





Who invited Carbon to the party?

www.leigroup.org



Leakage Emissions Initiative

Improving our air by preserving our water

WATER LOSS SPECIALIST GROUP

Meet The Team Resources Meeting

ecaps Case St

Case Studies

As a result of Water Loss 2022 in Prague, the IWA WLSG proposed an initiative that seeks to quantify the impact that unmanaged leakage has concerning avoidable carbon emissions. Through this initiative we will be linking unchecked leakage to carbon emissions, in an effort to educate those outside the industry on the ecological importance of managing non-revenue water.

Establishing Leakage Emissions Metrics to Incentivize non-revenue water management and emissions reduction

Carbon dating Version 6.1

April 2022

•Water Loss 2022, Prague, CZ. IWA WLSG proposed initiative to quantify the impact that unmanaged leakage has concerning avoidable carbon emissions.

April 2023

•LEI White Paper published with agreed upon methodology for calculating carbon emissions as a result of leakage

April 2025

•AWWA publishes Water Loss Control Committee's Leakage Emissions Initiative Report













October 2022

•Inaugural meeting of the Leakage Emissions Initiative

2024

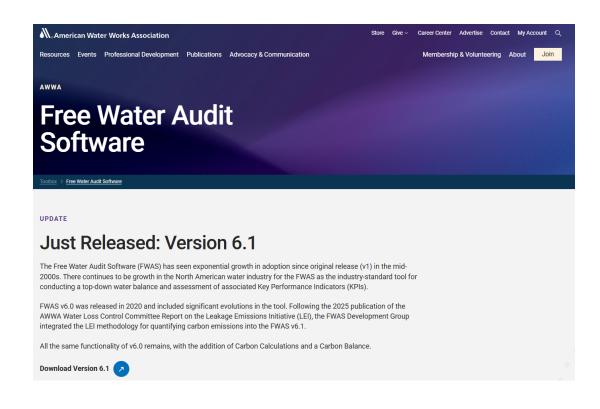
 Carbon Balance published with IWA Standard Water Balance

June 2025

 Carbon Balance and Calculations are integrated into
 Version 6.1 of the AWWA Free Water Audit Software



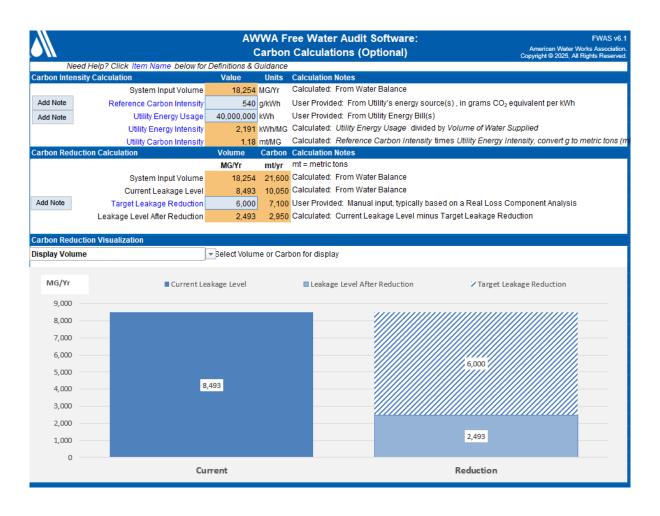
Introducing the AWWA Free Water Audit Software – Version 6.1



 Version 6.1 integrates the Leakage Emissions Initiative methodology for quantifying carbon emissions



Introducing the AWWA Free Water Audit Software – Version 6.1





Introducing the AWWA Free Water Audit Software – Version 6.1

AWWA Free Carbon Bala VOLUME in CARBON in	nce (Optior				FWAS v6.1 American Water Works Association. Copyright © 2025, All Rights Reserved. Jan 01 2024 - Dec 31 2024		
		Water Exported (WE) (corrected for known errors) 485 MG/Yr	Billed Water Exported 574 mt			Revenue Water (Exported) 485 MG/Yr	
Volume from Own			Authorized	Billed Authorized Consumption	Billed Metered Consur (water exported is 10,650 mt		Revenue Water
Sources (VOS)			Consumption	9,010 MG/Yr 10,662 mt	Billed Unmetered Const	umption (BUAC)	9,010 MG/Yr 10.662 mt
errors)			9,037 MG/Yr 10,694 mt	Unbilled Authorized Consumption	Unbilled Metered Consu	umption (UMAC) 12 MG/Yr	Non-Revenue Wate (NRW)
11,111 MG/Yr				27 MG/Yr	Unbilled Unmetered Consumption (UUAC)		
	System Input Volume 18,254 MG/Yr 21,600 mt			32 mt	18 mt	15 MG/Yr	
		Water Supplied		Systematic Data Handling Errors (SDHE)		g Errors (SDHE)	8,759 MG/Yr
		17.769 MG/Yr		Apparent Losses 238 MG/Yr	27 mt Customer Metering Inac	23 MG/Yr	10,364 mt
	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	21,026 mt		282 mt	229 mt	193 MG/Yr	
					Unauthorized Consumption (UC)		
			Water Losses		27 mt	23 MG/Yr	
Nater Imported (WI)			8,732 MG/Yr		Target Leakage & Carbon Reduction		
(corrected for known errors)			10,332 mt	Real Losses 8,493 MG/Yr	7,100 mt	6,000 MG/Yr	
7,143 MG/Yr				10,050 mt	Leakage Level After Reduction 2,950 mt 2,493 MG/Yr		



Summary

Water Loss Control Framework

- Based on AWWA M36 and IWA/AWWA methodology
- Structured approach: Baseline Audit →
 Technical Analysis → Economic Evaluation →
 Cost-Effective Intervention

Industry Evolution

- Emphasis on validated data and sustainability
- Water loss now linked to climate impact

Water Balance

- Mass balance
- Accounts for all volumes of water
- Accuracy matters

Leakage Management Strategies

- Pressure Management
- Speed & Quality of Repairs
- Active Leakage Control
- Asset Management & Renewal

Carbon Emissions Integration

- AWWA Free Water Audit Software v6.1 now includes carbon emissions calculations
- Developed through the Leakage Emissions Initiative (LEI)
- Aligns with IWA Standard Water Balance



Prompts Questions:

- 1. What metric(s) are you using to track improvement in water loss?
- 2. Have you quantified Carbon emissions associated with distribution system leakage? If so, what are you doing with it?
- 3. Where are you in your Demand Management Program? Is GPCD going up/down?



The Disillusion of Progress: Case Study in Reducing Water Loss and Demand

Will Jernigan, P.E.

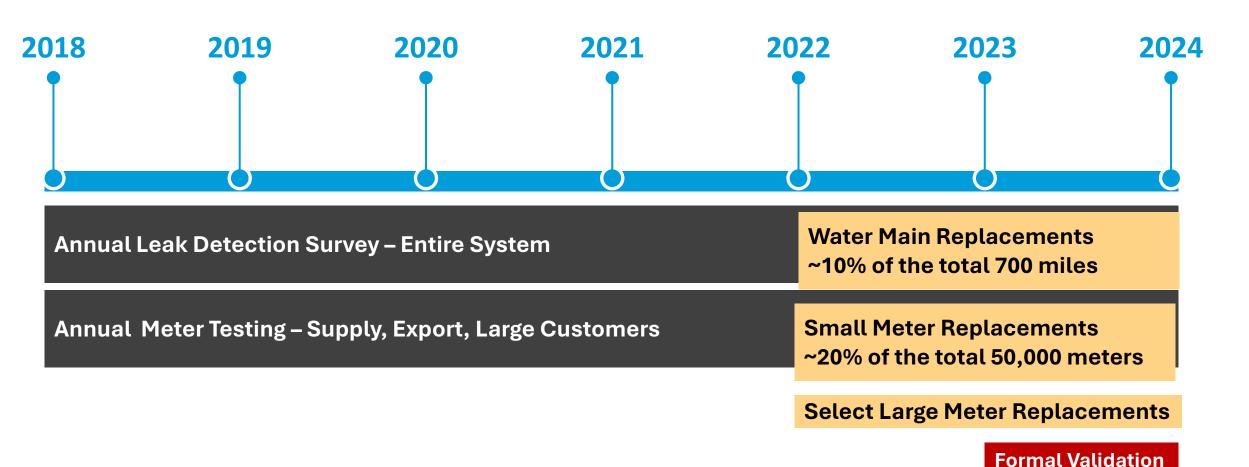
Chief Operations Officer, Cavanaugh & Associates





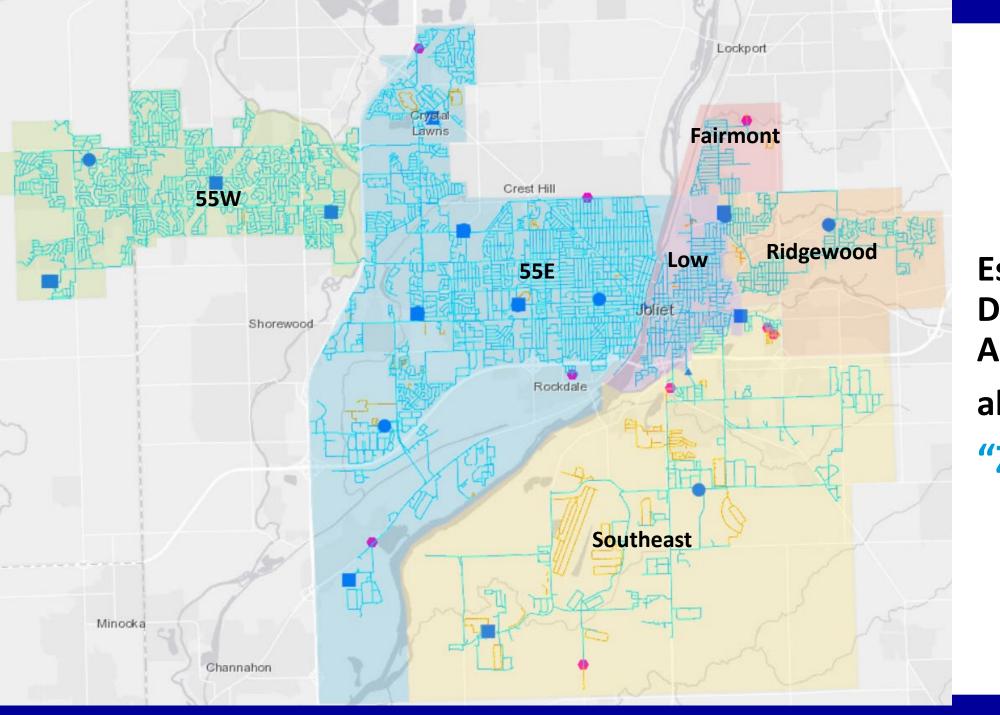


NRW Program Highlights to Date



Dividing 700-mile network into 6 Zones

2024 Water Audit



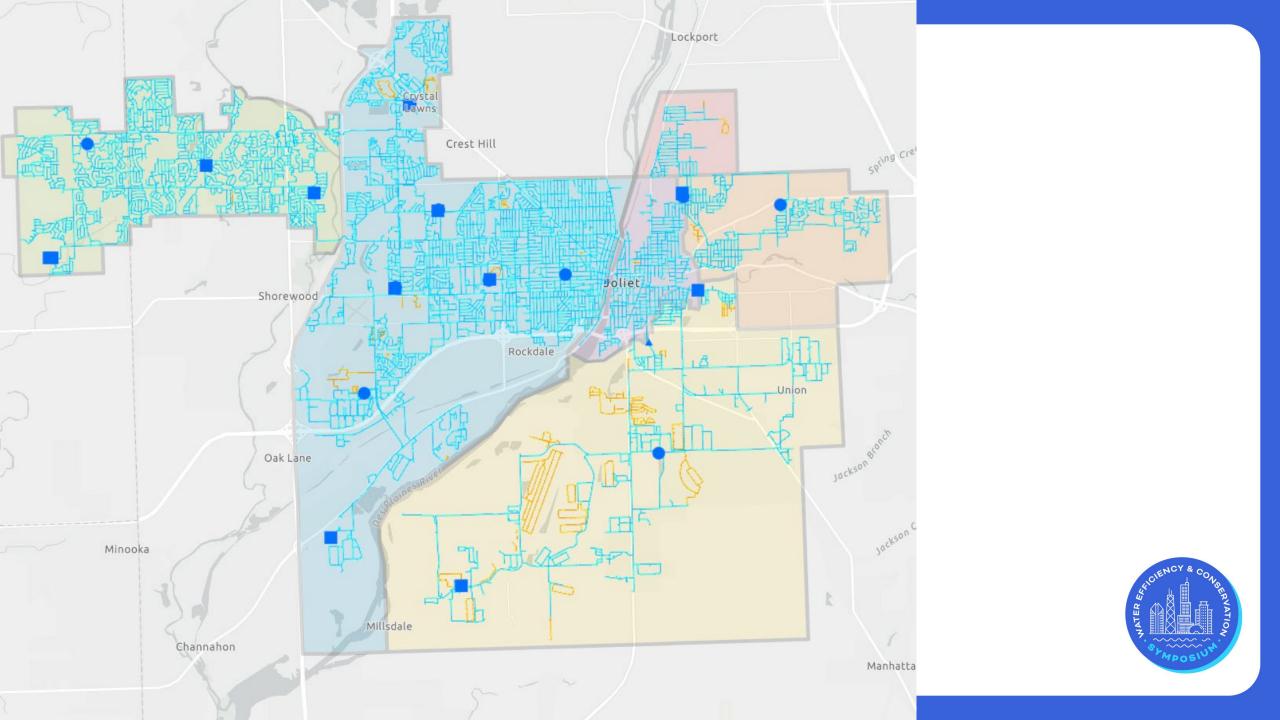
Established
District Metered
Areas (DMAs),
aka
"Zones"



Current & Target NRW Levels by DMA (in gpm) 3,500 3,000 2,500 2,000 1,500 1,000 500 0 Current NRW (gpm) Target NRW (gpm) LOW ■ I55E ■ 155W SOUTHEAST ■ RIDGEWOOD ■ FAIRMONT







Lockport Crystal Lawns Crest Hill Shorewood Oak Lane Minooka Millsdale Channahon Manhatta

Zone **Enhancements**





Email Address

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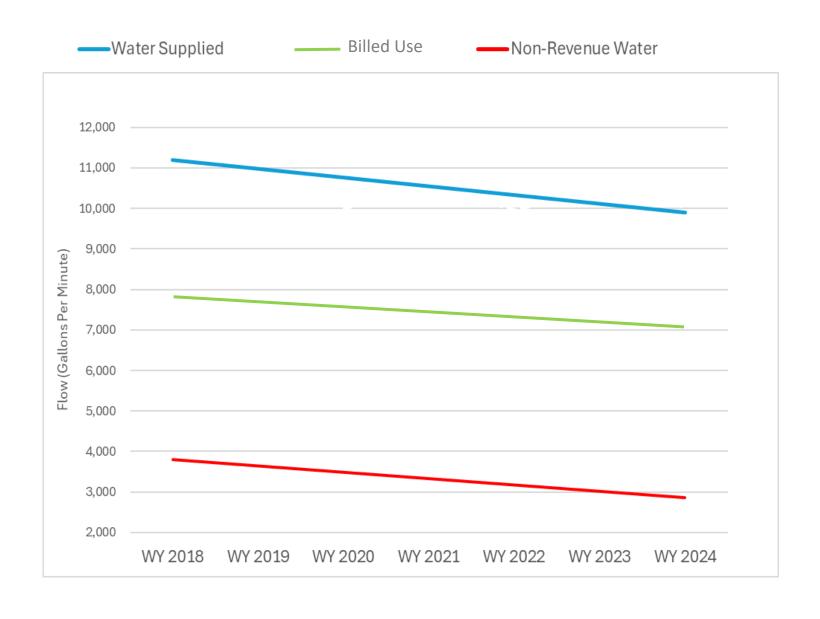
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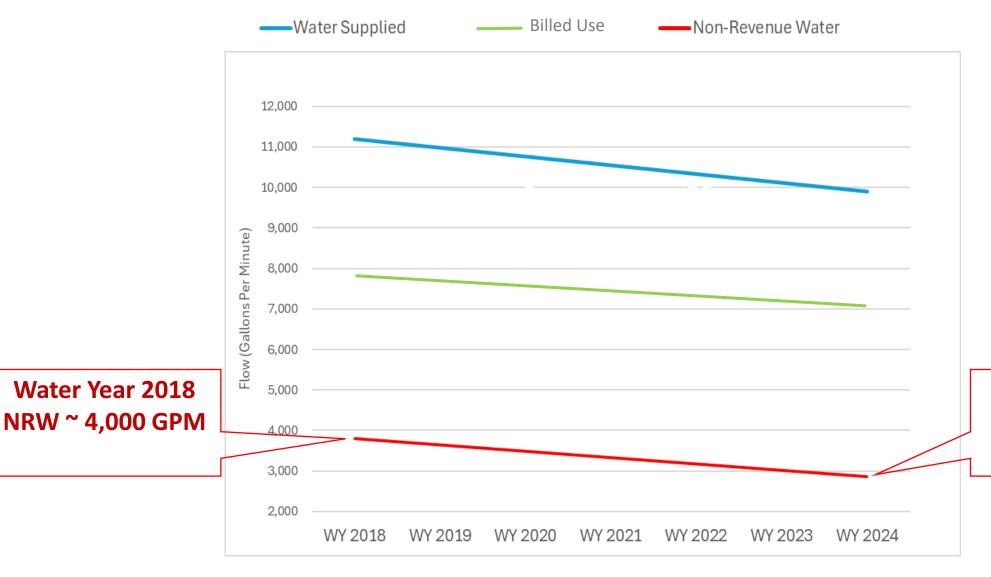




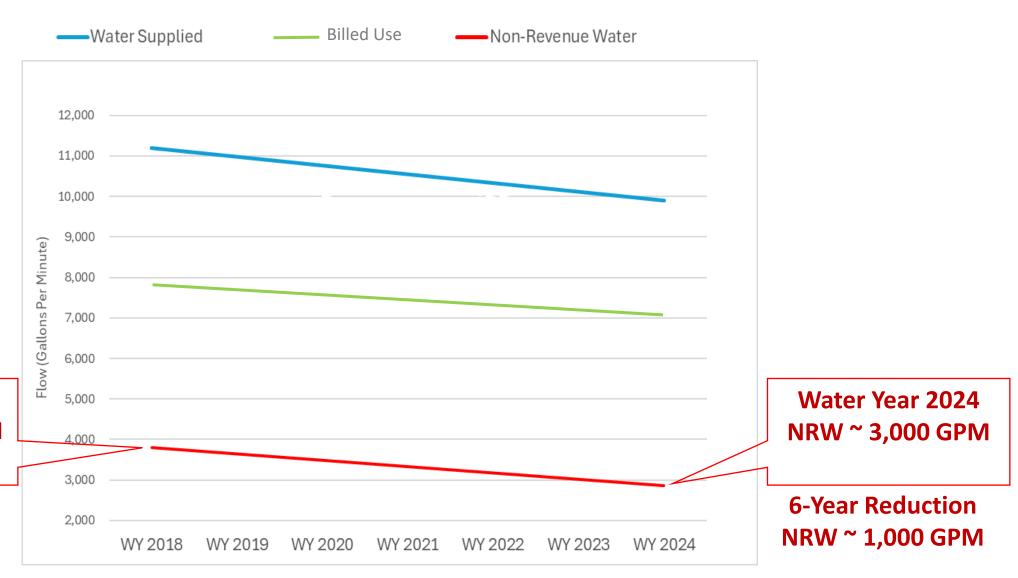




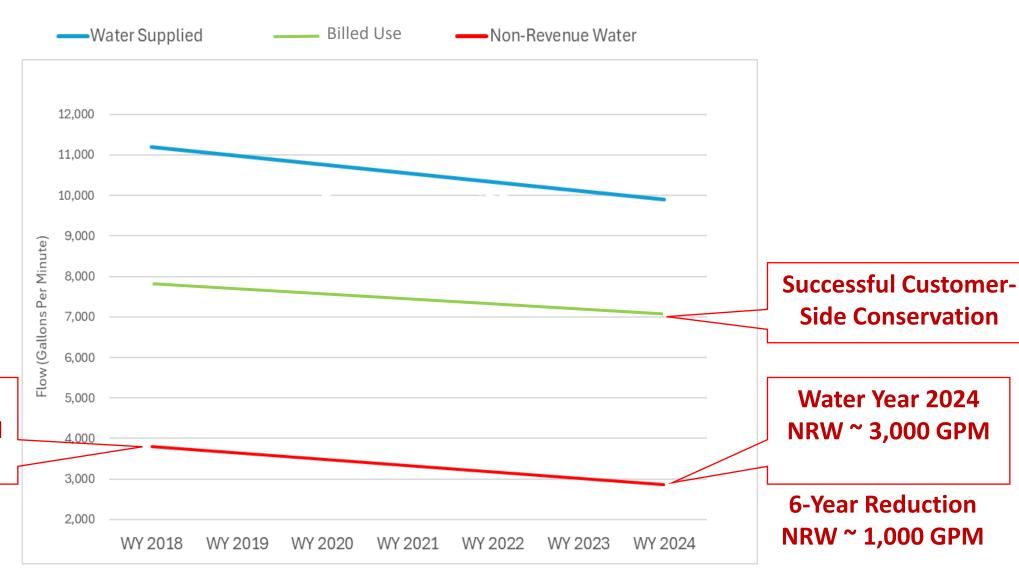
Water Year 2018



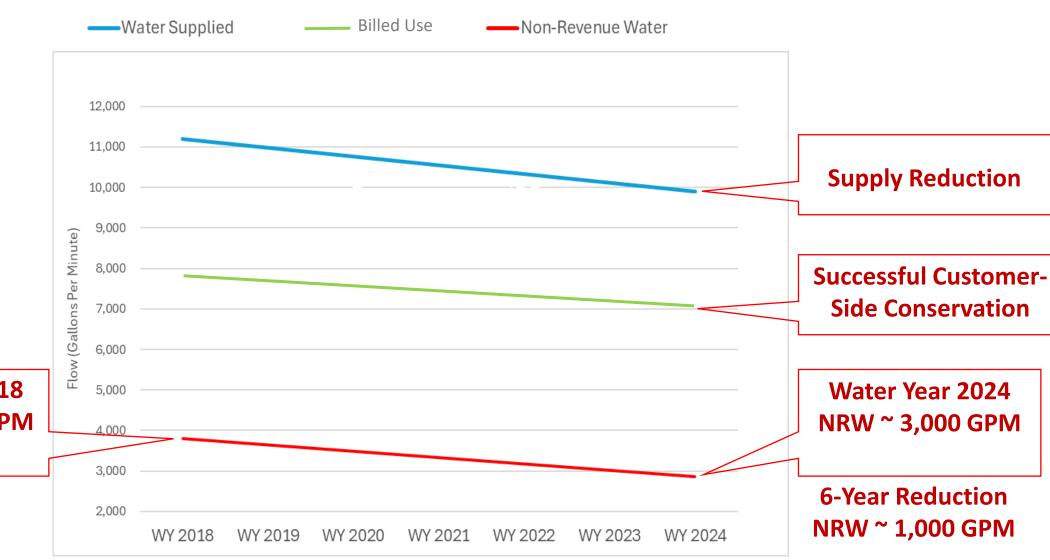
Water Year 2024 NRW ~ 3,000 GPM



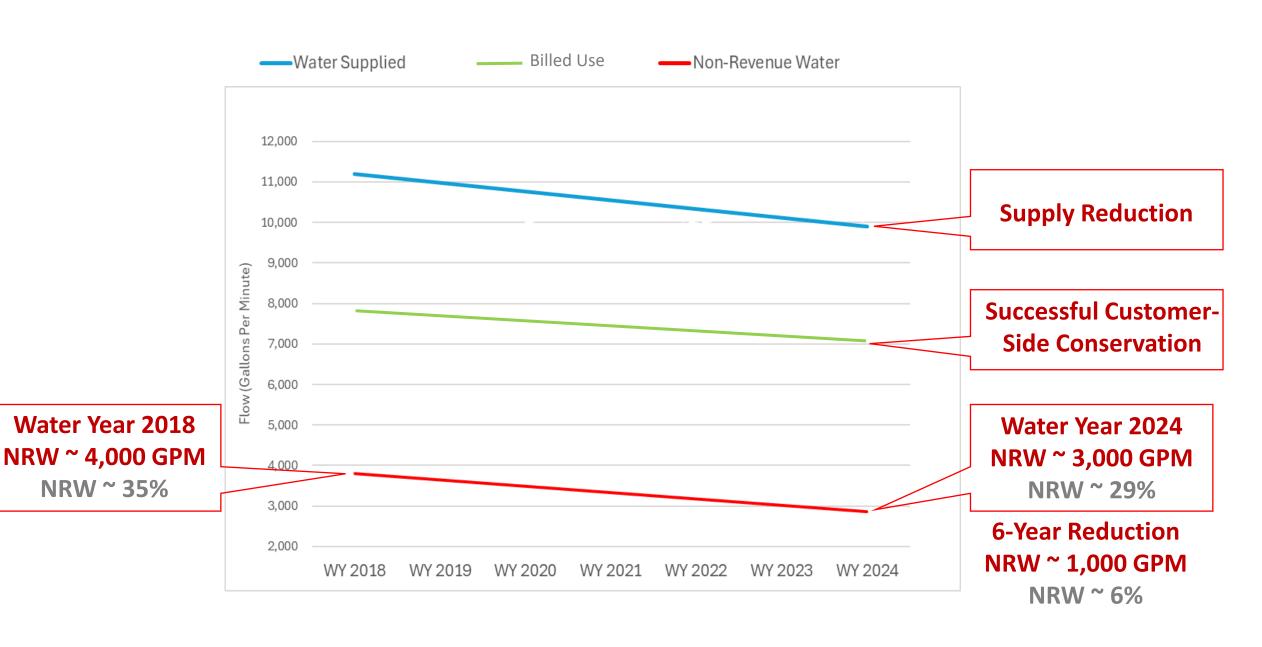
Water Year 2018 NRW ~ 4,000 GPM

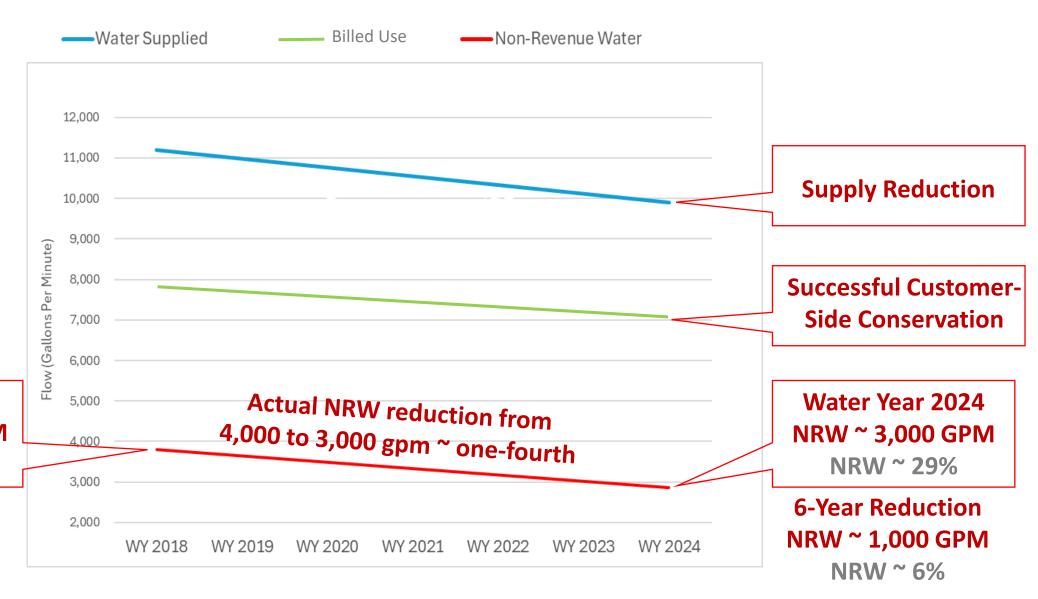


Water Year 2018 NRW ~ 4,000 GPM

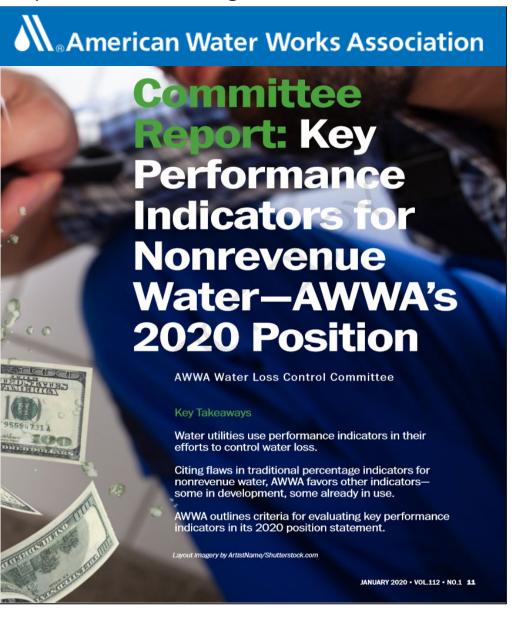


Water Year 2018 NRW ~ 4,000 GPM





Water Year 2018 NRW ~ 4,000 GPM NRW ~ 35% https://www.awwa.org/resource/water-loss-control/#technical





AWWA recommends AGAINST the use of "Percent NRW"

It is a moving target

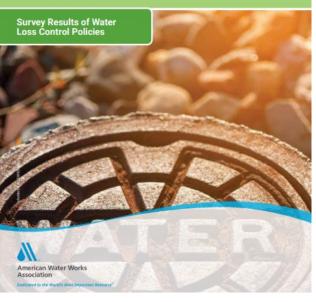
It penalizes conservation

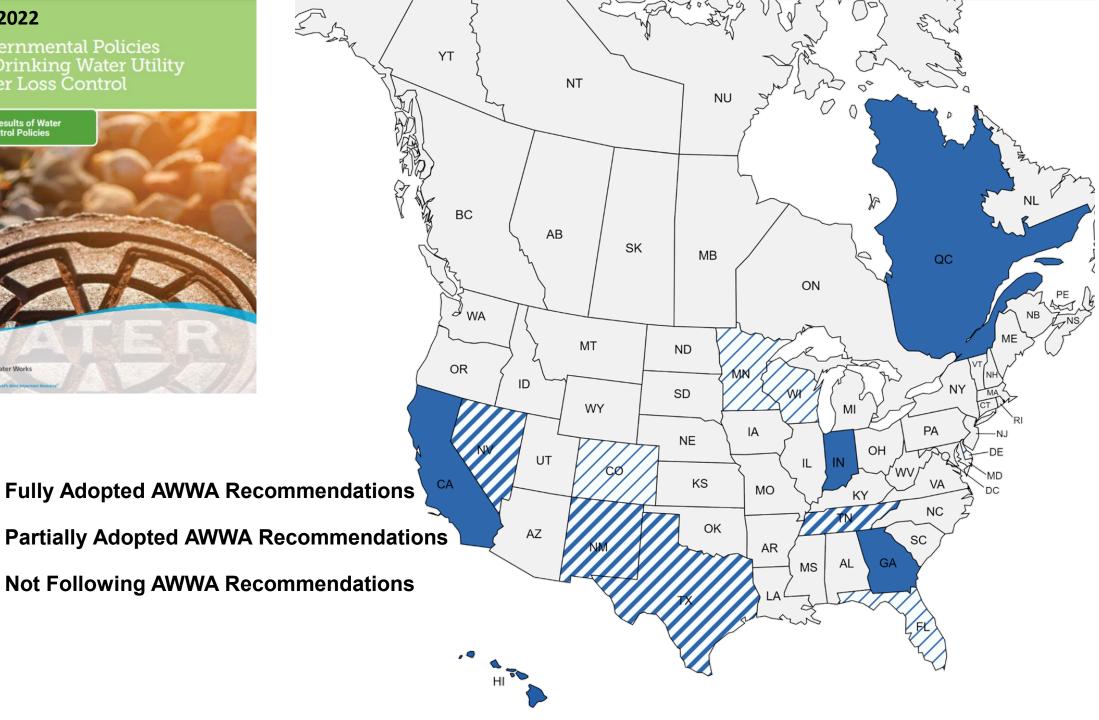
AWWA recommends:

Loss in gallons/connection/day (typ. range 20-100)

Leakage Index (typ. range 1-5)

2022 Governmental Policies for Drinking Water Utility Water Loss Control





Prompt Questions:

- 1. Your experience with tracking changes in water loss concurrent with changes in customer demand?
- 2. What factors should be considered if Illinois, or any other State/Regulatory body, were to eliminate "Water Loss %" or "NRW %" as a regulatory metric?



Thank you!

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