ALLIANCE FOR WATER EFFICIENCY



# WATER EFFICIENCY & CONSERVATION SYMPOSIUM 2025

AUGUST 6-8, 2025 | CHICAGO, IL

## Data Centers + Water: A Conversation at the Crossroads

Room 300 2:00 - 3:30pm



## Live Polling

Open your Whova apps to participate in a few session polls!

Navigate to the Whova app → Go to this session → Click on "Polls" → Select and respond to the question you see displayed on the screen







## **Poll Questions**

Are there data centers in your local community?

 Have you or your organization ever interacted with a data center project (planned or existing) related to water use?



### Think about it...

## Consider the following questions

- What questions do you have about data centers and water/resource use?
- What are the opportunities and challenges of adding data centers to a community and its watershed?



## Data Center Considerations

## **Eddie Wilcut**

Water & Energy Efficiency Services Practice Leader, Plummer Associates Inc.





## DATA CENTER CONSIDERATIONS

What should we know before making a decision?
Eddie Wilcut, Water & Energy Efficiency Practice Leader,
Plummer Associates, Inc.



## PLUMMER

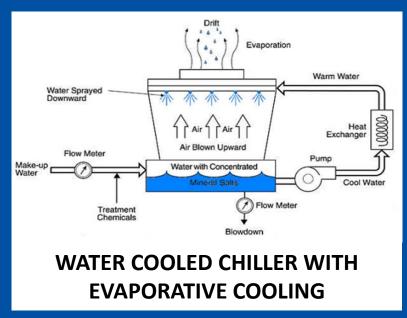
WATER VS ENERGY USE

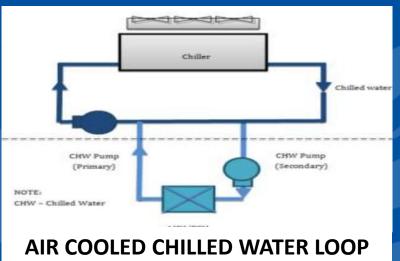
**DETERMING LOCATION** 

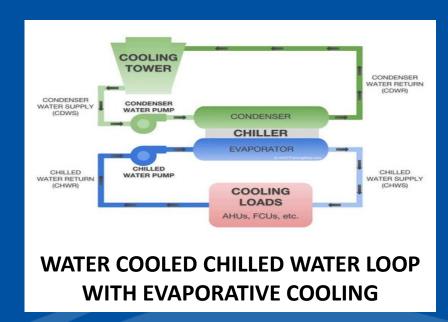
IMPACT ON LOCAL UTILITIES

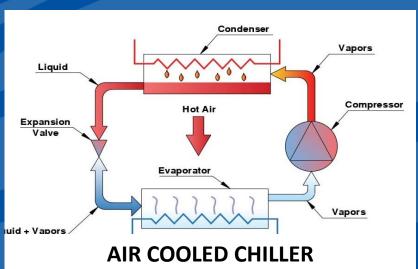
**COOLING TECHNOLOGY OPTIONS** 

## TYPICAL DATA CENTER COOLING OPTIONS









### DATA CENTER – WATER VS ENERGY USE





- 200 Acre Site
- 22 Buildings
- 3,960,600 Square Feet of Server Rooms
- Approximately 40 FTE
- 0 TO 8.4 Million Gallons/Day
- 90,000 kWh TO 5.9 Million kWh/day



## THE WATER/ENERGY NEXUS



| Total Cooling<br>Load Demand<br>(tons) |   | Air Cooled<br>Energy Use kWh  | Annual Air-<br>Cooled Energy<br>Cost   | Water Cooled<br>Energy Use<br>kWh  | Water Cooled<br>Energy Cost  | Evaporative<br>Cooling Water<br>Cost   | Evaporative<br>Cooling<br>Wastewater Cos   | Total Water-<br>Cooled System<br>Water &<br>t Wastewater Cost  | Total Air Cooled<br>without Closed<br>Loop   | Total Water-<br>Cooled Cost<br>without Closed<br>Loop  | Cost Difference  |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 396,060                                | 3,069,465,000                           | 2,178,330,000   | \$158,146,758  | 990,150,000  | \$71,884,890   | \$17,822,700   | \$2,732,814  | \$21,149,604   | \$158,146,758  | \$92,440,404   | \$65,706,354   |
| 79,212                                 | 613,893,000                             | 435,666,000   | \$31,629,352   | 198,030,000  | \$14,376,978   | \$3,564,540  | \$546,563  | \$4,229,921  | \$31,629,352   | \$18,488,081   | \$13,141,271   |
| 39,606                                 | 306,946,500                             | 217,833,000   | \$15,814,676   | 99,015,000   | \$7,188,489  | \$1,782,270  | \$273,281  | \$2,114,960  | \$15,814,676   | \$9,244,040  | \$6,570,635  |
| 26,404                                 | 204,631,000                             | 145,222,000   | \$10,543,117   | 66,010,000   | \$4,792,326  | \$1,188,180  | \$182,188  | \$1,409,974  | \$10,543,117   | \$6,162,694  | \$4,380,424  |
| 19,803                                 | 153,473,250                             | 108,916,500   | <b>\$7,907,338</b>   | 49,507,500   | \$3,594,245  | \$891,135  | \$136,641  | \$1,057,480  | \$7,907,338  | \$4,622,020  | \$3,285,318  |
| 15,842                                 | 122,778,600                             | 87,133,200  | \$6,325,870  | 39,606,000   | \$2,875,396  | \$712,908  | \$109,313  | \$845,984  | \$6,325,870  | \$3,697,616  | \$2,628,254  |
| 13,202                                 | 102,315,500                             | 72,611,000  | \$5,271,559  | 33,005,000   | \$2,396,163  | \$594,090  | \$91,094   | \$704,987  | \$5,271,559  | \$3,081,347  | \$2,190,212  |
|  | 396,060  79,212  39,606  26,404  19,803 | Total Water-Cooled Water Use  396,060 3,069,465,000  79,212 613,893,000  39,606 306,946,500  26,404 204,631,000  19,803 153,473,250  15,842 122,778,600 | Load Demand (tons)         Total Water Use         Air Cooled Energy Use kWh           396,060         3,069,465,000         2,178,330,000           79,212         613,893,000         435,666,000           39,606         306,946,500         217,833,000           26,404         204,631,000         145,222,000           19,803         153,473,250         108,916,500           15,842         122,778,600         87,133,200 | Load Demand (tons)         Total Water Use         Air Cooled Energy Use kWh         Cooled Energy Cost           396,060         3,069,465,000         2,178,330,000         \$158,146,758           79,212         613,893,000         435,666,000         \$31,629,352           39,606         306,946,500         217,833,000         \$15,814,676           26,404         204,631,000         145,222,000         \$10,543,117           19,803         153,473,250         108,916,500         \$7,907,338           15,842         122,778,600         87,133,200         \$6,325,870 | Load Demand (tons)         Total Water Use         Air Cooled Energy Use kWh         Cooled Energy Use kWh         Energy Use kWh           396,060         3,069,465,000         2,178,330,000         \$158,146,758         990,150,000           79,212         613,893,000         435,666,000         \$31,629,352         198,030,000           39,606         306,946,500         217,833,000         \$15,814,676         99,015,000           26,404         204,631,000         145,222,000         \$10,543,117         66,010,000           19,803         153,473,250         108,916,500         \$7,907,338         49,507,500           15,842         122,778,600         87,133,200         \$6,325,870         39,606,000 | Load Demand (tons)         Total Water Use         Air Cooled Energy Use kWh         Cooled Energy Cost         Energy Use kWh         Water Cooled Energy Cost           396,060         3,069,465,000         2,178,330,000         \$158,146,758         990,150,000         \$71,884,890           79,212         613,893,000         435,666,000         \$31,629,352         198,030,000         \$14,376,978           39,606         306,946,500         217,833,000         \$15,814,676         99,015,000         \$7,188,489           26,404         204,631,000         145,222,000         \$10,543,117         66,010,000         \$4,792,326           19,803         153,473,250         108,916,500         \$7,907,338         49,507,500         \$3,594,245           15,842         122,778,600         87,133,200         \$6,325,870         39,606,000         \$2,875,396 | Load Demand (tons)         Total Water Use         Air Cooled Energy Use kWh         Cooled Energy Cost         Energy Use kWh         Water Cooled Energy Cost         Cooling Water Cost           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Cooling Water Cost | Total Cooling Load Demand   Total Water-Cooled Load Demand (tons)   Total Water Cooled Energy Use kWh (tons)   Total Water Use   Cooling Water Use   Cost   Cost   Cost   Cost   Water Cooled Energy Use kWh (tons)   Total Water Use   Cost   Water Cooled Energy Use kWh (tons)   Total Water Use   Cost   Water Cooled Energy Use kWh (tons)   Total Water Use   Cost   Water Cooled Energy Use kWh (tons)   Total Water Use   Cost   Water Cooled Energy Use kWh (tons)   Total Water Use   Cost   Water Cooled Energy Use kWh (tons)   Total Water Use   Cooling Water Cooling Water Cooled System Water & Cost   Water Cooled Energy Use kWh (tons)   Total Water Use   Cooling Water Cool | Total Water Cooled   Cooled Energy   Cost   Cooled Energy   Cooled Energy   Cooled Energy | Total Water-Cooled Cooled Energy Use With Cooled Energy Use Water Use  396,060 3,069,465,000 2,178,330,000 \$158,146,758 990,150,000 \$71,884,890 \$17,822,700 \$2,732,814 \$21,149,604 \$158,146,758 \$92,440,404  79,212 613,893,000 435,666,000 \$31,629,352 198,030,000 \$14,376,978 \$3,564,540 \$546,563 \$4,229,921 \$31,629,352 \$18,488,081  39,606 306,946,500 217,833,000 \$15,814,676 99,015,000 \$7,188,489 \$1,782,270 \$273,281 \$2,114,960 \$15,814,676 \$92,440,404  26,404 204,831,000 145,222,000 \$10,543,117 66,010,000 \$4,792,326 \$1,188,180 \$182,188 \$1,409,974 \$10,543,117 \$6,162,694  19,803 153,473,250 108,916,500 \$7,907,338 49,507,500 \$3,594,245 \$891,135 \$136,641 \$1,057,480 \$7,907,338 \$4,622,020  15,842 122,778,600 87,133,200 \$6,325,870 39,606,000 \$2,875,396 \$712,908 \$109,313 \$845,984 \$6,325,870 \$3,697,616 |

## **DETERMINING LOCATION – THE "BIG 7"**

- 1. Power Cost, Reliability, Sustainability
- 2. Network Speed, Reliability, Proximity to Fiber
- 3. Climate & Cooling Cooling Efficiency, Natural Disaster Risk, Humidity and Temperature Stability
- 4. Geography Land & Construction Costs, Redundancy
- 5. Security & Compliance Physical Security, Legal and Regulatory, Political Stability
- 6. Infrastructure Support Power Demand, Water, Wastewater
- 7. Economic Incentives Tax Breaks, Real Estate Prices

## **IMPACT ON LOCAL UTILITIES**



- 1. Electrical Demand
- 2. Water Intensity
- 3. Utility Planning & Infrastructure
- 4. Potential Benefits to Utilities
- 5. Environmental & Social Concerns

## **COOLING TECHNOLOGY OPTIONS**



- 1. Direct-to Chip Liquid Cooling
- 2. Immersion Cooling
- 3. Evaporative/Adiabatic Cooling
- 4. Rear Door Heat Exchanger
- 5. Advanced Chilled Water Systems
- 6. Free Cooling (Economization)
- 7. Thermal Energy Storage
- 8. AI/ML-Based Cooling Optimization
- 9. District Cooling/Central Utility Plants



## DATA CENTER CONSIDERATIONS

What should we know before making a decision?
Eddie Wilcut, Water & Energy Efficiency Practice Leader,
Plummer Associates, Inc.



## The Power Density Struggle is Real

## **Jason Hick**

Project Director for Future Supercomputing Infrastructure, Los Alamos National Laboratory





### The Power Density Struggle is Real

Jason Hick and Mark Izzo

August 7, 2025

LA-UR-25-28272



## Computers are getting more powerful, not by making chips faster, but by packing more into a smaller space

National labs and most data center users seek the highest performance technology

#### **Increasingly pack more into their racks**

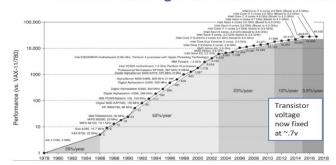
- Network speed improvements require more energy, generating more heat
- Fixed energy cost per transistor, packing more transistors results in more energy & heat

Today's performance gains demand exponentially more devices per rack

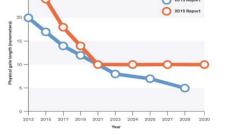
This trend of packing more into a smaller space is expected to continue increasing for the foreseeable future

Fixed energy per transistor and stalling of transistor size reductions drive increased power per platform

General purpose CPU performance improve this have stalled - Dennard Scaling and Moore's law have hit a standstill



- From 1978 through 2003 transistor dimension reduction resulted in lower power, higher operating frequency and higher performance
- Around 2003 current leakage prevented operating at higher frequencies, reducing performance gains significantly

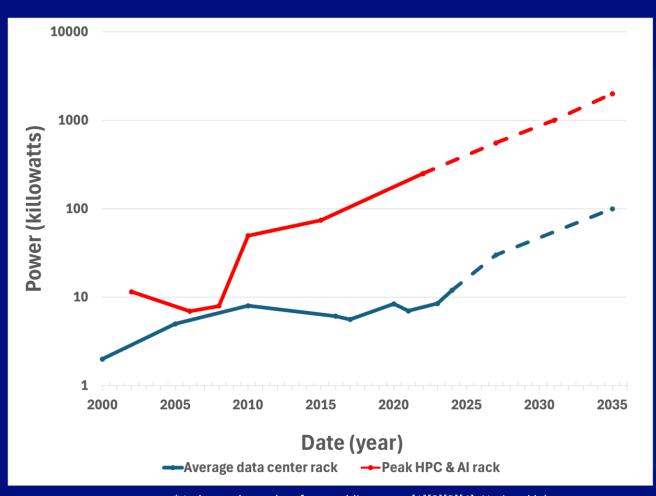


- Transistor sizes continued to decrease allowing more cores in each CPU but at the same or lower operating frequencies.
- Now transistor reductions are stalled

International Technology Roadmap for Semiconductors (2013 and 2015 report)



## Technology inside data centers shows exponential growth in power capacity required for peak performance



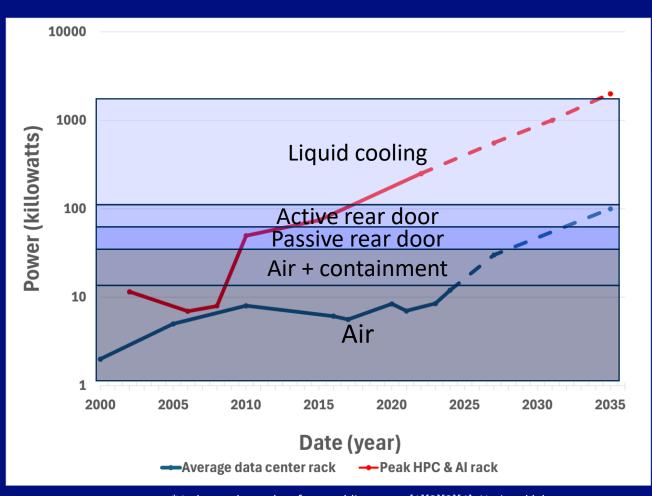
#### Plot of total power for computers

- Red line are for data center computers at a particular national laboratory site
- Blue line is data taken from public reports for computers in commercial data centers

LANL is making preparations for hosting 1-2 MW racks in 2030's



## Technology inside data centers shows exponential growth in power capacity required for peak performance



#### Plot of total power for computers

- Red line are for data center computers at a particular national laboratory site
- Blue line is data taken from public reports for computers in commercial data centers

#### Adding norms for cooling technologies

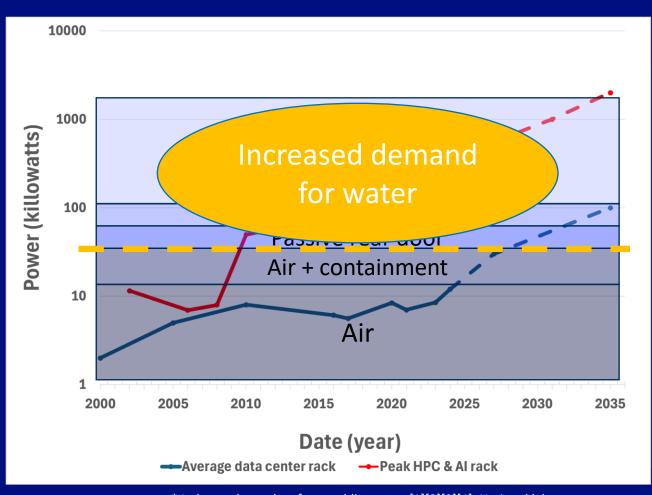
Types of cooling are comprehensive

Perhaps by mid-2030's all data centers will require liquid cooling



<sup>\*</sup> Industry data taken from public reports[1][2][3][4]. National lab data available from official power forecasting model[5]

## Technology inside data centers shows exponential growth in power capacity required for peak performance



#### Plot of total power for computers

- Red line are for data center computers at a particular national laboratory site
- Blue line is data taken from public reports for computers in commercial data centers

#### Adding norms for cooling technologies

Types of cooling are comprehensive

Data centers will have increased demand for water



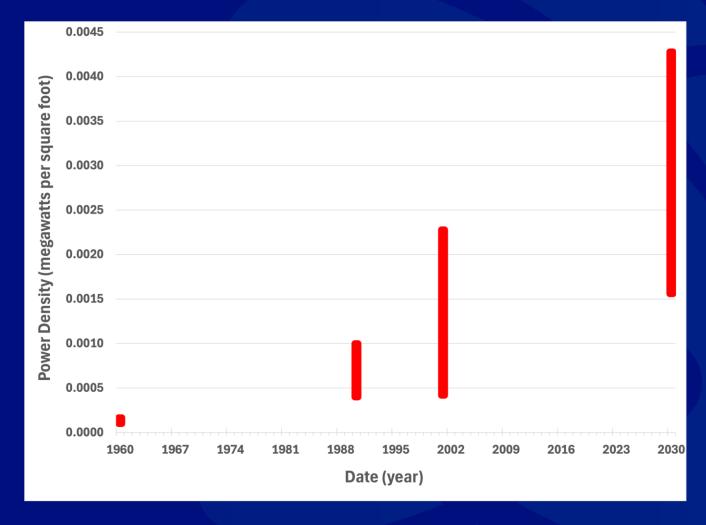
<sup>\*</sup> Industry data taken from public reports[1][2][3][4]. National lab data available from official power forecasting model[5]

## Data centers need future-proofing for a diverse density landscape

Increasing importance of flexibility in data center design

Approaching a tipping point for requiring more space for power and cooling than compute

Wider range of power density favors hybrid cooling approaches





### **Parting thoughts**

**Density is surging:** Our highest density racks will double or triple site requirements for power and cooling

Liquid cooling will become standard: every data center will need water

Flexibility wins: static design is a dead end



### Backup Slides



#### Discussion ideas

- The AI industry is already making plans for gigawatt-scale campuses of multiple data centers
  - Coupling to nuclear power options
- Water quality is an important consideration
  - For data center cooling, non-potable water can work better than potable (high treatment)
- What role can regional planning play in site selection for future data campuses?



#### References

- [1] B. Kleyman, "2024 state of the data center report," AFCOM, Tech. Rep., January 2024.
- [2] D. Donnellan, D. Bizo, J. Davis, A. Lawrence, O. Rogers, L. Simon, and M. Smolaks, "Uptime institute's global data center survey results 2023,"Uptime Institute, Tech. Rep., July 18, 2023. [Online]. Available: https://uptimeinstitute.com/about-ui/press-releases/uptimes-13th-annual-global-data-center-survey-shows-widening-range-of-challenges/
- [3] B. Srivathsan, M. Sorel, P. Sachdeva, A. Bhan, H. Batra, R. Sharma, R. Gupta, and S. Choudhary, "Ai power: Expanding data center capacity to meet growing demand," McKinsey & Company, Tech. Rep., October 29, 2024. [Online]. Available: https://www.mckinsey.com/industries/technology-media-and-telecommunications/our-insights/ai-power-expanding-data-center-capacity-to-meet-growing-demand/
- [4] J. Ciesla, "Data center trends: Rack densities and outages on the rise," Raritan, Tech. Rep., March 30, 2021. [Online]. Available: https://www.raritan.com/blog/detail/data-center-trends-rack-densities-and-outages-on-therise/
- [5] J. Hick and P. Weber, "Los Alamos National Laboratory High Performance Computing Division Power Forecast Model," December, 2024.





**Joel Brammeier** 

President & Chief Executive Officer

Alliance for the Great Lakes



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Ohio Environmental Council



**Melissa Pierce** 

Technical Program Director

Current



**Gabby Plotkin** 

Senior Policy Manager

Illinois Environmental Council



To protect, conserve and restore the Great Lakes, ensuring healthy water in the lakes and in our communities for all generations of people and wildlife

**Abundance** 

Scarcity

Transparency

### Working together for a healthy Ohio.

For more than 55 years, the Ohio Environmental Council has advocated for a healthier environment for all who call Ohio home.



Water



**Democracy** 



**Energy** 



**Public Lands** 



**Law Center** 



Climate





Learn more: TheOEC.org

## Current

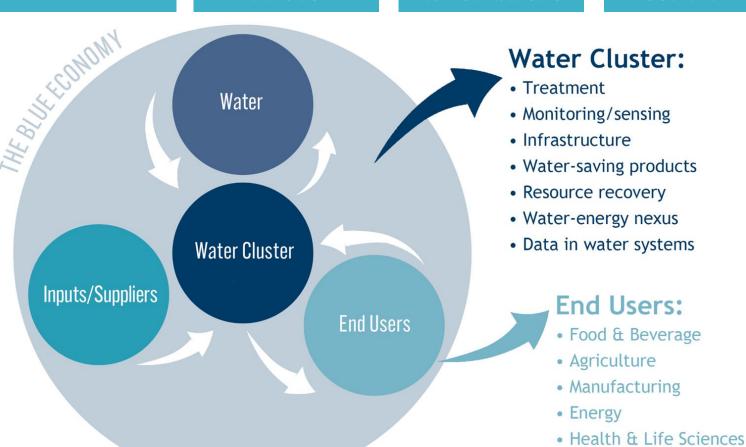
#### **SINCE 2016**

RAISED \$58M+

LAUNCHED 11 PILOTS

SUPPORTED 40+ STARTUPS

40K PEOPLE CONVENED



#### **MISSION:**

To accelerate the transition to a circular blue economy, turning waste into wealth for the communities of the Great Lakes region and beyond.







## Illinois Environmental Council

BUILDING POWER FOR PEOPLE AND THE ENVIRONMENT



### Six Issue Areas

Sustainable Agriculture



Conservation



**Clean Energy** 



Equitable Transportation



Clean Water



Zero Waste



Our Approach

**Coalition Building** 



**Legislator Education** 



**Policy Advocacy** 







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### Reminders & What's Next

## Thank you all for participating in this session!

• CEUs: AWWA CA-NV Water Use Efficiency Practitioner



- Next: Plenary Session (3:35 4:45 pm)
  - Rising to the Challenge: When Extremes Become the New Normal (Room 621)



## **Thank You to Our Sponsors**























































### **Additional Resources**

The next three slides include additional resources from the Alliance for the Great Lakes, Ohio Environmental Council, and Illinois Environmental Council.





#### Resources

https://greatlakes.org/2025/03/data-centers-are-increasing-in-the-great-lakes-at-what-cost/

https://www.axios.com/2025/04/16/midwest-data-center-growth-energy-usage

https://www.circleofblue.org/2025/technology/are-data-centers-a-threat-to-the-great-lakes/

https://www.greatlakesnow.org/2025/06/as-data-centers-proliferate-across-illinois-communities-grapple-with-how-to-supply-the-necessary-water/

https://www.dispatch.com/story/opinion/columns/guest/2025/07/15/ohios-growing-data-centers-threaten-water-we-all-need-opinion/84631057007/

https://www.joycefdn.org/groundwater-governance-report

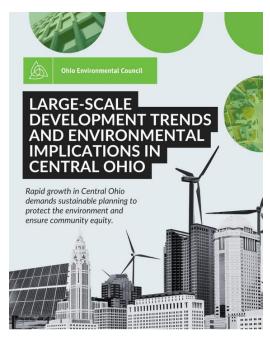
Watch for new Great Lakes water use report from the Alliance in August.

Contact Helena Volzer, Senior Source Water Policy Manager, at <a href="https://hyologr.neg/hyologiapung.com/

Environmental Implications in Central Ohio examines how rapid economic expansion is impacting our air, land, and water. This indepth analysis is now paired with a *Playbook for Communities Facing Large-Scale Development in Ohio*—a step-by-step guide that doesn't require us to choose between progress and preservation.











### Illinois Environmental Council

#### **Building Power for People and the Environment**

In 1975, organizations and environmentalists formed IEC to strengthen our community's voice in the Illinois General Assembly. 50 years later, we continue to proudly lead an environmental movement more powerful than ever in our state's history.

#### **Facts**

- Over 600 individual members from every corner of the state.
- Over 130 affiliate members in our movement.
- 30+ pro-environment bills passed in 2024.

#### Resources

- IEC helped pass a <u>water conservation bill</u> in the Illinois General Assembly this past session.
- IEC contributed to an <u>article</u> about water use by data centers.





#### **Contact IEC**

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